

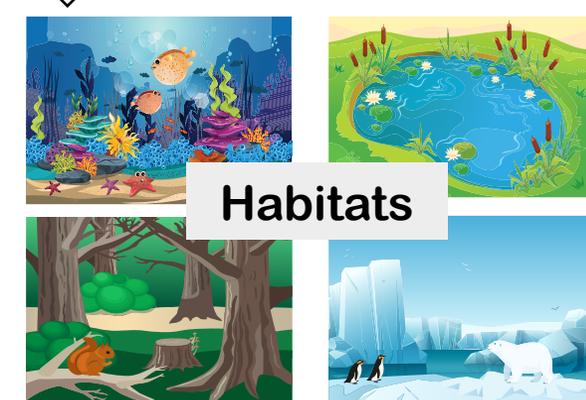
ROCKET WORDS
Learn these words and their definitions.

Key Word	Definition
classify	To arrange or group things into categories depending on characteristics.
vertebrate	An animal with a backbone.
invertebrate	An animal without a backbone.
cold-blooded	An animal whose body temperature varies with the environment they are in, i.e. fish.
warm-blooded	Animals that maintain a regular body temperature
sample	A small amount of something to show what the whole of it may be like.
exoskeleton	An external covering of the body found in some invertebrates such as arthropods.
creature	An animal, distinct from a human being.

Type	Food	Body	Blood
 Mammal	Can be carnivorous, omnivorous or herbivorous	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hair and fur • Four-chambered hearts • Females give milk • Have teeth • Vertebrates 	Warm-Blooded
 Insect	Can be carnivorous or herbivorous	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Made up of a head, thorax and abdomen • Six legs • Invertebrates 	Cold-Blooded
 Bird	Can be carnivorous, omnivorous or herbivorous	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Feathers • Wings • Beaks • Lays eggs • Vertebrates 	Warm-Blooded
 Fish	Mostly carnivorous	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Breathe with gills • Scales • Fins • Can swim • Most are vertebrates 	Cold-Blooded
 Amphibian	Can be carnivorous or herbivorous	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Live in water or land • Can breathe through gills or lungs • Vertebrates 	Cold-Blooded
 Reptile	Can be carnivores or omnivorous	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Most lay eggs • Has scales • Live in water or land • Vertebrates 	Cold-Blooded

 **UNIT LESSONS**

1. Understand habitats
2. Know how scientists classify animals
3. Understand the difference between vertebrate and invertebrate
4. Know about cold-blooded amphibians and reptiles
5. Know about warm-blooded birds and mammals
6. Understand how fish are different from amphibians and reptiles



Habitats